CAPSULE SUMMARY

FOR

JOHN T. BEAN HOUSE/ESTATES OF SPRINGBROOK 400 WARRENTON DRIVE, WHITE OAK

Montgomery County Survey Prefix & Site Number: M-33/8-

Approximate Building Date: 1903

Town or Vicinity in which Resource is Located: White Oak

Access: Private

The John T. Bean House is a two story Foursquare style structure on an approximately five acre hilly site off Warrenton Drive in the Springbrook community. The building was constructed in 1903 with Colonial Revival detailing. The resource is a distinctive local example of a Foursquare Colonial Revival style house and is highly representive of what was considered a large, fashionable farmhouse in Eastern Montgomery County in this period. Unike many structures of this type and period in the county's eastern section, the Bean House's overall form and immediate setting remain virtually intact. The house's architecture still proudly conveys Bean's intent to express his social and economic standing within the community. The Bean House is also associated with the life and career of Blair Lee III. A distinguished member of one the county's oldest families, Lee served in both houses of the state legislature, as a member of the state cabinet, and as acting governor during the years of his residency at the Bean house from 1952 to 1985.

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES

Maryland Historical Trust State Historic Sites Inventory Form

Survey No. 33-08-

Magi No.

DOE __yes __no

1. Nan	ne (indicate pr	eferred name)		
historic	John T. Bean	. House (Es	tates	of Springbrook)	
and/or common	Blair Lee II	I House			
2. Loc	ation				
street & number	400 Warrento	n Drive			not for publication
city, town	Silver Spring	vicir	ity of	congressional district	8
state	MD		county	Montgomery	
3. Clas	ssification				
Category district building(s) structure site object	Ownership public private both Public Acquisition in process being considered not applicable	Accessible yes: res	oied progress	Present Use agriculture commercial educational entertainment government industrial military	museum park private residence religious scientific transportation other:
4. Ow	ner of Prope	rty (give	names a	nd mailing addresse	s of <u>all</u> owners)
name	Mathilda B.	Lee			
street & numbe	400 Warrento	on Drive		telephone no	o.:
city, town	Silver Sprin	ıg	state	and zip code	MD
5. Loc	ation of Leg	al Desc	ripti	on	
courthouse, reg	gistry of deeds, etc. Mo	ontgomery (County	Courthouse	liber 1682
street & numbe	r 5.	l Monroe St	reet		folio 416
city, town	Ro	ockville	-	state	MD
6. Rep	resentation	in Exis	ting	Historical Surv	eys
title	Montgomery County	Locational	Atlas	of Historic Site	s
date	1976			federal stat	e county loca
pository for s	survey records M-NCPPC	3			4
city, town	Silver Spring	ļ: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	: 	state	MD

7. Description

Survey No.

M: 33-08 -

Condition

excellent

good

fair

___ deteriorated ___ ruins ___ unexposed Check one unaitered altered

Check one
_____ original site
____ moved date of move

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The John T. Bean House is a two story foursquare located on an approximately five acre hilly site off Warrenton Drive in the Springbrook community. The clapboard house has a simple cube-shaped form with a pyramidal slate roof with a slight eave overhang. The roof is flattened at the peak and finished with a parapet. The building, constructed in 1903 with Colonial Revival detailing, has a simple square plan with a one story sun porch on the south and a one story hyphen and garage attached to the house's west side. The only major change to the exterior of the house has been the application of aluminum siding during the 1950s.

The principle elevation of the house faces east toward Warrenton Drive and has a six-bay facade with symmetrical ranks of paired six-over-six windows with louvered shutters. The central entry has a transom and sidelights and is accentuated by a pedimented frame porch supported by double Tuscan columns. Two prominent hipped dormers with one-over-one sash pierce the roof and light the attic story.

The elevations of the secondary facades do not repeat the distinctive double window design. Only the front half of the north facade, visible from the drive, retains the paired windows. The remaining window openings on the main block, hyphen and garage are largely symmetrically placed ranks of single six-over-six windows with louvered shutters. There are paired hipped dormers on the south and a single hipped dormer on the west sides of the roof. A second story balustraded veranda accessed by a French door has been built on the flat sun porch roof on the south side of the house.

There are three frame board and batten outbuildings just to the west of the main house including a gable end barn converted to a garage, a side gabled stable that has been renovated into a guest house, and a small pump house.

عبي التنافيذ			
8.	Significance	Survey No.	M: 33-08

Period prehi 1400-	-1499 -1599 -1699 -1799 -1899	Areas of Significance— archeology-prehistoric archeology-historic agriculture architecture art commerce communications		Iandscape architectu Iaw Iiterature Iiteratury Immusic Impulsions philosophy Impulsions politics/government	re religion science sculpture social/ humanitarian theater transportation other (specify)
Specific	dates	1903	Builder/Architec#nknor	wn	
check:	an Appli		$A \times B \times C = D$ $A = B = C = D$ $national state$	E _F _G local	

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

Summary: The 1903 John T. Bean House is a distinctive local example of a foursquare Colonial Revival style house that is highly representive of what was considered a large, fashionable farmhouse in Eastern Montgomery County in this period. Unlike many farmhouses of this type and period in the county's eastern section, the Bean House's overall form and immediate setting remain virtually intact. Although sided with aluminum, the farmhouse's architecture still proudly conveys Bean's intent to express his social and economic standing within the community.

John T. Bean first acquired land in the Colesville area between 1865 and 1878 and substantially expanded his holdings when he purchased 255 1/2 acres from William E. Shaw. He probably built his first residence off the Colesville Turnpike on land owned or leased adjacent to the Shaw property in the 1870s. 1

Bean's growing prosperity as a farmer was reflected in the construction of his 1903 residence, which broke from the traditional I-house form that had dominated the county's nineteenth century farm-house architecture. The prefabricated building also illustrates the impact of improved transportation networks, particularly railroads, and the early development of Montgomery County as a major suburb of Washington. Classical Revival vernacular houses like the Bean farm-house reflect the national popularity of high style Classical Revival academic monuments and residences as well as the local aesthetic influence of well-to-do late nineteenth century suburban developments of the county like Chevy Chase and Kensington.²

The Beans sold the family farm to the Woodmoor Development Corporation in 1940. George Moss, the president of the corporation, prepared a plan for the community that would retain the character of country living. The Springbrook Estates neighborhood would largely be developed between 1941 and 1955 with most of the building stock

(Continued)

Continuation Sheet
M: 33-08- John T. Bean House/Blair Lee III House
Section 8: SIGNIFICANCE
PAGE 8.1

being constructed after World War II. Although the development would not be considered historic at present, it would merit further evaluation as a historic district in the future. The Bean House's importance will undoubtedly be enhanced as time passes because of its historical associations with the life and career of Blair Lee III. A distinguished member of one the county's oldest political families, Lee served the public in both houses of the state legislature, as a member of the state cabinet, and as acting governor during the years of his residency at the Bean house from 1952 to 1985.³

9. Major Bibliographical References

Survey No.M:33-08

See Attached Sheet

10. Geo	graphical Data		
Acreage of nominat Quadrangle name _ UTM References	ed property 4.75 do NOT complete UTM referen		uadrangle scale
A Zone Easting	Northing	B Zone Easting	Northing
C		D	
Verbal boundary	description and justification		
List all states and	d counties for properties overlap	ping state or county bour	ndaries
	d counties for properties overlap code	ping state or county bour	ndaries code
state		·	
state	code	county	code
state state 11. Form	code	county	code
state 11. Form	code code n Prepared By	county	code
state	code code Prepared By William Bushong	county	code

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust Shaw House

21 State Circle

Annapolis, Maryland 21401

(301) 269-2438

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST
DHCP/DHCD
100 COMMUNITY PLACE
CROWNSVILLE, MD 21032-2023
514-7600

PS-2746

Continuation Sheet M: 33-08- John T. Bean House/Blair Lee III House

Preservation Planning Data:

- a) Geographic Organization: Piedmont
- b) Chronological/Development Periods: Industrial/Urban Dominance, 1870-1930
- c) Historic Period Themes: Architecture
- d) Resource Type: Farmhouse

Chain of Title/Owner Information:

John T. Bean acquired this property, then consisting of 255 1/2 acres from William E. Shaw in 1888 (Deed EBP 23/169). The Bean family lived at the house until 1941 when the house and its acreage was sold to Woodmoor Development Corporation who subdivided the property into "estate" parcels of five to ten acres. After passing through a succession of owners, then Congressman Lloyd M. Bentsen and his wife Beryl purchased the house and nearly five acres of land in 1949. They sold the house to Blair Lee III and his wife Mathilde Boal Lee in 1952 (1682/416). After his husband's death in 1985, Mrs. Lee became the sole owner.

Endnotes

- 1 Simon J. Martenet. Martenet and Bond's Map of Montgomery County. Baltimore: Simon J. Martenet, 1865. (Library of Congress) and G. M. Hopkins, Atlas of Fifteen Miles Around Washington Including the County of Montgomery, Maryland. (Philadelphia: G. M. Hopkins, 1879), 17. See also Deed 23/169, Montgomery County Land Records.
- For information on the history of the foursqaure house type, see Thomas W. Hanchett, "The Four-Square House Type in the United States," in Camille Wells, ed., Perspectives in Vernacular Architecture. (Paducah, Ky: Image Graphics Printers, 1982), 51-54 and Alan Gowans, Styles and Types of North American Architecture. (New York: Harper Collins Publishers, 1992), 249. For a general overview of the early 20th century architecture of Montgomery County, see Andrea Rebeck, "Montgomery County in the Early Twentieth Century," Unpublished Report. Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission and Maryland Historical Trust, 1987.
- ³ "Blair Lee III." Biography File. Montgomery County Public Library, Rockville, MD.

Continuation Sheet M: 33-08 John T. Bean House/Blair Lee III House Section 9: MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES PAGE 9.1

Unpublished Sources

Biography File, "Blair Lee III." Montgomery County Public Library, Rockville, Maryland.

Crawford, Catherine. Maryland Historical Trust Form for the Springbrook Estates, 1984. (MHT)

Deeds, Land Records Office. (Montgomery County Courthouse)

Rebeck, Andrea. "Montgomery County in the Early Twentieth Century." Unpublished report, Maryland Historical Trust and the Montgomery County Historic Preservation Commission, 1987.

Robinson & Associates. Locational Atlas Historical Survey of 400 Resources, Survey Form, Summer 1989.

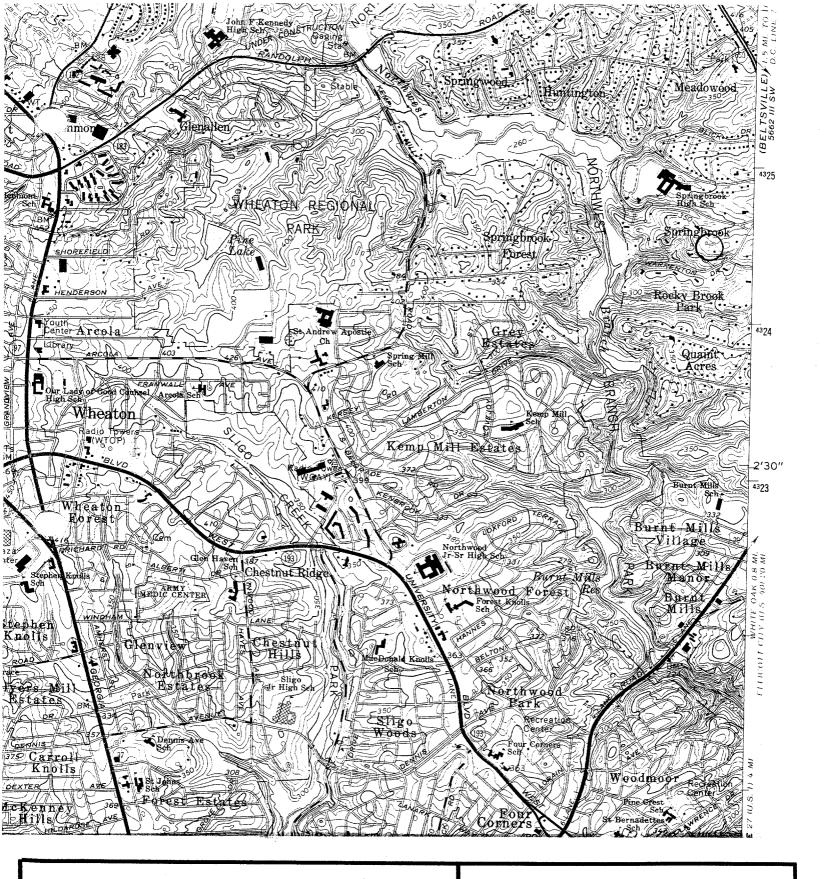
Published Sources

Hanchett, Thomas W. "The Four-Square House Type in the United States," in Camille Wells, ed., **Perspectives in Vernacular Architecture.** (Paducah, Ky: Image Graphics Printers, 1982), 51-54.

Hiebert, Ray Eldon and Richard K. MacMaster. A Grateful Remembrance: the Story of Montgomery County, Maryland. Rockville, Maryland: Montgomery County Government and the Montgomery County Historical Society, 1976.

Hopkins, G.M. Atlas of Fifteen Miles Around Washington Including the County of Montgomery Maryland. Philadelphia: G.M. Hopkins, 1879. (Library of Congress; Rockville Public Library)

Martenet, Simon J. Martenet and Bond's Map of Montgomery County. Baltimore: Simon J. Martenet, 1865. (Library of Congress)



MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST TATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY FORM

LOCATIONAL MAP

SURVEY NO.: 33/8 # -1

PROPERTY NAME: 'Estates' of Springbrook

TOWN: White Oak

COUNTY: MONTGOMERY

QUADRANGLE: Kensington, MD



M-33-8-1
BEAN HOUSE, 100 WHUNENTON DR.
MONTGOMERY CD., MD

W. BUSHONE, PHOTOGRAPHER

MANY 1994

MANYLAND SHOO

VIEW SUL



M-33-8-1

BEAN HOUSE, 100 WARRENTON DR.

MONTGOMERY CO., MD

W. BUSHONG, PHOTOGRAPHER

MAY, 1994

MARYLAND SHPO

VIEW NE

2 6F 4



33-8 BEANHOUSE 100 WAKKENTON DRI SILVER SPKIND MONT CO, MD MD. MAY 1994, WM. BUSHONG VIEW SE (NW ELEV.) NEG. LOC: MARYLAND SHPO 30F4



100 WARRENTON 33-8, BEAN HOUSE DR. SILVER SPRING MONT (O, MD MD MAY 1994, WM. BUSHONG VIEW SW (NE ELEV) NEG. LOC. : MAKYLAND SHPO 40F 4